

BMR Grazing Blend

SORGO SORGHUM X
SUDANGRASS



- Improved digestibility and palatability, high stem sugar
- Small stem type; best for grazing
- Excellent recovery after grazing or cutting
- Prolonged grazing

The BMR grazing blend produces excellent grazing. With the different growth pattern of this blend you can count on grazing more days than a typical hybrid. The BMR trait in the hybrids ensures excellent palatability and digestibility. The hybrids all have a high level of sugar contributing to increase intake and energy. Begin grazing at 18 -24". Use rotational grazing and stocking rates of 2-3 head per acre under dryland or irrigated conditions.

Disease / Insect Ratings

Downy Mildew: Resistant
Anthracnose: Resistant

Agronomic Traits

Early Season Vigor: Excellent
Height: 5 - 6 Feet
Maturity: Varies
Regrowth: Excellent
Midrib Type: BMR
Plant Type: Juicy Sweet
Photoperiod Sensitive: No

Seeding Rates

Seeds Per Pound: 15,000 - 17,000
Soil Temperature: 62°F

Seeding Method	Harvest Stage	Dryland Lbs / Acre	Irrigated Lbs / Acre
Drilled	Boot	20 - 35	40 - 75
Broadcast	Boot	25 - 40	45 - 80

Crop Use Information

Life Cycle: Annual
Ease of Establishment: Good
Dryland / Irrigated: Excellent on Both
Double Cropping: Excellent
Min / Max pH: 6.0 - 7.5
Hay / Baleage: Excellent
Silage / Greenchop: Will need to cure for silage moisture
Rotational Grazing: Good
Continuous Grazing: Excellent
Cover Crop: Excellent
Digestibility: Good IVTD, NDFD, TDN %
Palatability: Sweet & Leafy
Fertilizer: 1 - 1¼ units N per growing day

Harvest

- BMR Grazing Blend can be harvested but should not be allowed to grow tall. Cut between 50-55 days or 5-6 feet
- When harvested cut it in the boot stage and 6-8 inches above ground level for best regrowth
- Can be windrowed for grazing, hay or silage.
- Following a freeze, extreme drought, or fertilizer application followed by stress remove the cattle from the field. See our guide for how to manage Prussic Acid and Nitrates.